

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the  
Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report: February 15, 2013  
(Date of earliest event reported)

FEDERATED NATIONAL HOLDING COMPANY  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

<u>Florida</u> (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)	<u>0-2500111</u> (Commission File Number)	<u>65-0248866</u> (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
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<u>14050 NW 14 Street, Suite 180</u> <u>Sunrise, FL</u> (Address of principal executive offices)	<u>33323</u> (Zip Code)
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Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (954) 581-9993

Not Applicable  
(Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

**Item 1.01     Entry into a Material Definitive Agreement.**

Federated National Insurance Company (“Federated National”), a wholly owned subsidiary of Federated National Holding Company (the “Company”), has entered into a Reimbursement Contract and Addendum No. 1 thereto (together, the “Contract”), with The State Board of Administration of Florida (SBA). The SBA is the agency that administers the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund (“FHCF”) for the 2013-2014 hurricane season.

The Contract will reimburse Federated National for covered property losses under its homeowners’ insurance policies resulting from hurricanes that cause damage in the State of Florida, through May 31, 2014.

Under this Contract, the FHCF will provide about \$167.3 million of aggregate seasonal coverage for covered losses in excess of approximately \$62.8 million subject to a 10% Company participation. Federated National’s premium for the FHCF reinsurance coverage will be approximately \$11.2 million payable in three installments between August 2013 and December 2013. The actual attachment point, total coverage and cost will not be finalized until December 31, 2013.

As is common practice within the insurance industry, a portion of the risks insured under our policies are transferred to other companies through the purchase of reinsurance. The Company purchases reinsurance through excess of loss type treaties from both the FHCF and multiple private reinsurance carriers. Federated National’s existing catastrophe reinsurance treaties with private reinsurance carriers from 2012 are in effect through June 30, 2013 and its new private excess of loss type treaties are currently being negotiated and will have a term of one year beginning July 1, 2013.

The description of the terms of the Contract is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the Reimbursement Contract and Addendum No. 1 which are filed as Exhibits 10.1 and 10.2, respectively, to this Current Report on Form 8-K and are incorporated herein by reference.

**Item 9.01     Financial Statements and Exhibits.**

(c)     Exhibits.

- 10.1     Reimbursement Contract between Federated National Insurance Company and The State Board of Administration of Florida (SBA) which administers the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund (FHCF), effective June 1, 2013
- 10.2     Addendum No. 1 to the Reimbursement Contract between Federated National Insurance Company and The State Board of Administration of Florida (SBA) which administers the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund (FHCF), effective June 1, 2013

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

### **FEDERATED NATIONAL HOLDING COMPANY**

Date: February 21, 2013

By: /s/ Peter J. Prygelski, III  
Name: Peter J. Prygelski, III  
Title: Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Accounting and Financial Officer)

## **EXHIBIT INDEX**

<b><u>Exhibit No.</u></b>	<b><u>Exhibit Title</u></b>
10.1	Reimbursement Contract between Federated National Insurance Company and The State Board of Administration of Florida (SBA) which administers the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund (FHCF), effective June 1, 2013
10.2	Addendum No. 1 to the Reimbursement Contract between Federated National Insurance Company and The State Board of Administration of Florida (SBA) which administers the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund (FHCF), effective June 1, 2013



**STATE BOARD OF ADMINISTRATION  
OF FLORIDA**

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TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA 32308  
(850) 488-4406

POST OFFICE BOX 13300  
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GOVERNOR  
AS CHAIRMAN  
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AS TREASURER  
PAM BONDI  
ATTORNEY GENERAL  
AS SECRETARY  
ASH WILLIAMS  
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR & CIO

**REIMBURSEMENT CONTRACT**

**Effective: June 1, 2013  
(Contract)**

between

**FEDERATED NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY  
(Company)**

**NAIC # 10790**

and

**THE STATE BOARD OF ADMINISTRATION OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA (SBA)  
WHICH ADMINISTERS THE FLORIDA HURRICANE CATASTROPHE FUND (FHCF)**

**PREAMBLE**

The Legislature of the State of Florida has enacted Section 215.555, Florida Statutes "Statute", which directs the SBA to administer the FHCF. This Contract, consisting of the principal document entitled Reimbursement Contract, addressing the mandatory FHCF coverage, and Addenda, is subject to the Statute and to any administrative rule adopted pursuant thereto, and is not intended to be in conflict therewith. All provisions in the principal document are equally applicable to each Addendum unless specifically superseded by one of the Addenda.

In consideration of the promises set forth in this Contract, the parties agree as follows:

**ARTICLE I - SCOPE OF AGREEMENT**

As a condition precedent to the SBA's obligations under this Contract, the Company, an Authorized Insurer or an entity writing Covered Policies under Section 627.351, Florida Statutes, in the State of Florida, shall report to the SBA in a specified format the business it writes which is described in this Contract as Covered Policies.

The terms of this Contract shall determine the rights and obligations of the parties. This Contract provides reimbursement to the Company under certain circumstances, as described herein, and does not provide or extend insurance or reinsurance coverage to any person, firm, corporation or other entity. The SBA shall reimburse the Company for its Ultimate Net Loss on Covered Policies, which were in force and in effect at the time of the Covered Event causing the loss, in excess of the Company's Retention as a result of each Loss Occurrence commencing during the Contract Year, to the extent funds are available, all as hereinafter defined.

## **ARTICLE II - PARTIES TO THE CONTRACT**

This Contract is solely between the Company and the SBA which administers the FHCF. In no instance shall any insured of the Company or any claimant against an insured of the Company, or any other third party, have any rights under this Contract, except as provided in Article XIV. The SBA will only disburse funds to the Company, except as provided for in Article XIV of this Contract. The Company shall not, without the prior approval of the Office of Insurance Regulation, sell, assign, or transfer to any third party, in return for a fee or other consideration any sums the FHCF pays under this Contract or the right to receive such sums.

## **ARTICLE III - TERM**

This Contract shall apply to Loss Occurrences which commence during the period from 12:00:01 a.m., Eastern Time, June 1, 2013, to 12:00 midnight, Eastern Time, May 31, 2014 (Contract Year).

The Company must designate a coverage level, make the required selections, and return this fully executed Contract (two originals) to the FHCF Administrator so that the Contract is received by the FHCF Administrator no later than 5 p.m., Central Time, March 1, 2013. Failure to do so may result in a referral to the Office of Insurance Regulation within the Department of Financial Services for administrative action. Furthermore, the Company's coverage level under this Contract will be deemed as follows:

- (1) For Companies that are a member of a National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) group, the same coverage level selected by the other Companies of the same NAIC group shall be deemed. If executed Contracts for none of the members of an NAIC group have been received by the FHCF Administrator, the coverage level from the prior Contract Year shall be deemed.
- (2) For Companies that are not a member of an NAIC group under which other Companies are active participants in the FHCF, the coverage level from the prior Contract Year shall be deemed.
- (3) For New Participants, as that term is defined in Article V(21), that are a member of an NAIC group, the same coverage level selected by the other Companies of the same NAIC group shall be deemed.
- (4) For New Participants that are not a member of an NAIC group under which other Companies are active participants in the FHCF, the 45%, 75% or 90% coverage levels may be selected providing that the FHCF Administrator receives executed Contracts within 30 calendar days of the effective date of the first Covered Policy, otherwise, the 45% coverage level shall be deemed.

Pursuant to the terms of this Contract, the SBA shall not be liable for Loss Occurrences which commence after the effective time and date of expiration or termination. Should this Contract expire or terminate while a Loss Occurrence covered hereunder is in progress, the SBA shall be responsible for such Loss Occurrence in progress in the same manner and to the same extent it would have been responsible had the Contract expired the day following the conclusion of the Loss Occurrence in progress.

## **ARTICLE IV - LIABILITY OF THE FHCF**

- (1) The SBA shall reimburse the Company, with respect to each Loss Occurrence commencing during the Contract Year for the "Reimbursement Percentage" elected, this percentage times the amount of Ultimate Net Loss paid by the Company in excess of the Company's Retention, as adjusted pursuant to Article V(28), plus 5% of the reimbursed losses for Loss Adjustment Expense Reimbursement.
- (2) The Reimbursement Percentage will be 45% or 75% or 90%, at the Company's option as elected under Article XVIII.
- (3) The aggregate liability of the FHCF with respect to all Reimbursement Contracts covering this Contract Year shall not exceed the limit set forth under Section 215.555(4)(c)1., Florida Statutes. For specifics regarding loss reimbursement calculations, see section (3)(c) of Article X herein.

- (4) Upon the occurrence of a Covered Event, the SBA shall evaluate the potential losses to the FHCF and the FHCF's capacity at the time of the event. The initial Projected Payout Multiple used to reimburse the Company for its losses shall not exceed the Projected Payout Multiple as calculated based on the capacity needed to provide the FHCF's mandatory coverage. The SBA shall make adjustments to the Projected Payout Multiple in order to reimburse the optional Temporary Increase in Coverage Limit (TICL) Options coverage based on the SBA's ongoing evaluation of potential losses and capacity. If it appears that the Estimated Claims-Paying Capacity may be exceeded, the SBA shall reduce the projected payout factors or multiples for determining each participating insurer's projected payout uniformly among all insurers to reflect the Estimated Claims-Paying Capacity.
- (5) Reimbursement amounts shall not be reduced by reinsurance paid or payable to the Company from other sources.
- (6) After the end of the calendar year, the SBA shall notify insurers of the estimated Borrowing Capacity and the Balance of the Fund as of December 31. In May and October of each year, the SBA shall publish in the *Florida Administrative Weekly* a statement of the FHCF's estimated Borrowing Capacity, Estimated Claims-Paying Capacity, and the projected Balance of the Fund as of December 31.
- (7) The obligation of the SBA with respect to all Contracts covering a particular Contract Year shall not exceed the Balance of the Fund as of December 31 of that Contract Year, together with the maximum amount the SBA is able to raise through the issuance of revenue bonds or through other means available to the SBA under Section 215.555, Florida Statutes, up to the limit in accordance with Section 215.555(4)(c)1., Florida Statutes. The obligations and the liability of the SBA are more fully described in Rule 19-8.013, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.).

## ARTICLE V – DEFINITIONS

- (1) **Actual Claims-Paying Capacity of the FHCF**  
This term means the sum of the Balance of the Fund as of December 31 of a Contract Year, plus any reinsurance purchased by the FHCF, plus the amount the SBA is able to raise through the issuance of revenue bonds, or through other means available by law to the SBA, up to the limit in accordance with Section 215.555(4)(c)1. and (6), Florida Statutes.
- (2) **Actuarially Indicated**  
This term means, with respect to Premiums paid by Companies for reimbursement provided by the FHCF, an amount determined in accordance with the definition provided in Section 215.555(2)(a), Florida Statutes.
- (3) **Additional Living Expense (ALE)**  
ALE losses covered by the FHCF are not to exceed 40 percent of the insured value of a Residential Structure or its contents based on the coverage provided in the policy. Fair rental value, loss of rents, or business interruption losses are not covered by the FHCF.
- (4) **Administrator**  
This term means the entity with which the SBA contracts to perform administrative tasks associated with the operations of the FHCF. The Administrator is Paragon Strategic Solutions Inc., 8200 Tower, 5600 West 83<sup>rd</sup> Street, Suite 1100, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55437. The telephone number is (800) 689-3863, and the facsimile number is (800) 264-0492.
- (5) **Authorized Insurer**  
This term is defined in Section 624.09(1), Florida Statutes.
- (6) **Borrowing Capacity**  
This term means the amount of funds which are able to be raised by the issuance of revenue bonds or through other financing mechanisms, less bond issuance expenses and reserves.

- (7) **Citizens Property Insurance Corporation (Citizens)**  
 This term means the entity formed under Section 627.351(6), Florida Statutes, and refers to both Citizens Property Insurance Corporation Coastal Account and Citizens Property Insurance Corporation Personal Lines and Commercial Lines Accounts.
- (8) **Contract**  
 This term means this Reimbursement Contract for the current Contract Year.
- (9) **Covered Event**  
 This term means any one storm declared to be a hurricane by the National Hurricane Center which causes insured losses in Florida. A Covered Event begins when a hurricane causes damage in Florida while it is a hurricane and continues throughout any subsequent downgrades in storm status by the National Hurricane Center regardless of whether the hurricane makes landfall. Any storm, including a tropical storm, which does not become a hurricane is not a Covered Event.
- (10) **Covered Policy or Covered Policies**
- (a) Covered Policy, as defined in Section 215.555(2)(c), Florida Statutes, is further clarified to mean only that portion of a binder, policy or contract of insurance that insures real or personal property located in the State of Florida to the extent such policy insures a Residential Structure, as defined in definition (27) herein, or the contents of a Residential Structure, located in the State of Florida.
- (b) Due to the specialized nature of the definition of Covered Policies, Covered Policies are not limited to only one line of business in the Company's annual statement required to be filed by Section 624.424, Florida Statutes. Instead, Covered Policies are found in several lines of business on the Company's annual statement. Covered Policies will at a minimum be reported in the Company's statutory annual statement as:
1. Fire
  2. Allied Lines
  3. Farmowners Multiple Peril
  4. Homeowners Multiple Peril
  5. Commercial Multiple Peril (non liability portion, covering condominiums and apartments)
  6. Inland Marine
- Note that where particular insurance exposures, e.g., mobile homes, are reported on an annual statement is not dispositive of whether or not the exposure is a Covered Policy.
- (c) This definition applies only to the first-party property section of a policy pertaining strictly to the structure, its contents, appurtenant structures, or ALE coverage.
- (d) Covered Policy also includes any collateral protection insurance policy covering personal residences which protects both the borrower's and the lender's financial interest, in an amount at least equal to the coverage for the dwelling in place under the lapsed homeowner's policy, if such policy can be accurately reported as required in Section 215.555(5), Florida Statutes. A Company will be deemed to be able to accurately report data if the required data, as specified in the Premium Formula adopted in Section 215.555(5), Florida Statutes, is available.
- (e) See Article VI of this Contract for specific exclusions.
- (11) **Deductible Buy-Back Policies**  
 This term means a specific policy that provides coverage to a policyholder for some portion of the policyholder's deductible under a policy issued by another insurer.
- (12) **Estimated Claims-Paying Capacity of the FHCF**  
 This term means the sum of the projected Balance of the Fund as of December 31 of a Contract Year, plus any reinsurance purchased by the FHCF, plus the most recent estimate of the Borrowing Capacity of the FHCF, determined pursuant to Section 215.555(4)(c), Florida Statutes.



- (13) **Excess Policies**  
This term, for the purposes of this Contract, means a policy that provides insurance protection for large commercial property risks and that provides a layer of coverage above a primary layer (which is insured by a different insurer) that acts much the same as a very large deductible.
- (14) **Florida Department of Financial Services (Department)**  
This term means the Florida regulatory agency, created pursuant to Section 20.121, Florida Statutes, which is charged with regulating the Florida insurance market and administering the Florida Insurance Code.
- (15) **Florida Insurance Code**  
This term means those chapters identified in Section 624.01, Florida Statutes, which are designated as the Florida Insurance Code.
- (16) **Formula or the Premium Formula**  
This term means the Formula approved by the SBA for the purpose of determining the Actuarially Indicated Premium to be paid to the FHCF. The Premium Formula is defined as an approach or methodology which leads to the creation of premium rates. The resulting rates are therefore incorporated as part of the Premium Formula. The Formula, shall, pursuant to Section 215.555(5)(b), Florida Statutes, include a cash build-up factor in the amount specified therein.
- (17) **Fund Balance or Balance of the Fund as of December 31**  
These terms mean the amount of assets available to pay claims, not including any bonding proceeds, resulting from Covered Events which occurred during the Contract Year.
- (18) **Insurer Group**  
For purposes of the coverage option election in Section 215.555(4)(b), Florida Statutes, Insurer Group means the group designation assigned by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) for purposes of filing consolidated financial statements. A Company is a member of a group as designated by the NAIC until such Company is assigned another group designation or is no longer a member of a group recognized by the NAIC.
- (19) **Loss Occurrence**  
This term means the sum of individual insured Losses incurred under Covered Policies resulting from the same Covered Event. "Losses" means all incurred losses under Covered Policies, including Additional Living Expenses not to exceed 40 percent of the insured value of a Residential Structure or its contents and amounts paid as fees on behalf of or inuring to the benefit of a policyholder, and excludes allocated or unallocated Loss Adjustment Expenses.
- (20) **Loss Adjustment Expense Reimbursement**  
(a) Loss Adjustment Expense Reimbursement shall be 5% of the reimbursed losses under this Contract as provided in Article IV, pursuant to Section 215.555(4)(b)1., Florida Statutes.  
(b) To the extent that loss reimbursements are limited to the Payout Multiple applied to each Company, the 5% Loss Adjustment Expense is included in the total Payout Multiple applied to each Company.
- (21) **New Participant(s)**  
This term means all Companies which begin writing Covered Policies on or after the beginning of the Contract Year. A Company that removes exposure from either Citizens entity, as that term is defined in (7) above, pursuant to an assumption agreement effective on or after June 1 and had written no other Covered Policies before June 1 is also considered a New Participant.
- (22) **Office of Insurance Regulation**  
This term means that office within the Department of Financial Services and which was created in Section 20.121(3), Florida Statutes.

- (23) **Payout Multiple**  
This term means the multiple as calculated in accordance with Section 215.555(4)(c), Florida Statutes, which is derived by dividing the single season Claims-Paying Capacity of the FHCF by the total aggregate industry Reimbursement Premium for the FHCF for the Contract Year billed as of December 31 of the Contract Year. The final Payout Multiple is determined once Reimbursement Premiums have been billed as of December 31 and the amount of bond proceeds has been determined.
- (24) **Premium**  
This term means the same as Reimbursement Premium.
- (25) **Projected Payout Multiple**  
The Projected Payout Multiple is used to calculate a Company's projected payout pursuant to Section 215.555(4)(d)2., Florida Statutes. The Projected Payout Multiple is derived by dividing the estimated single season Claims-Paying Capacity of the FHCF by the estimated total aggregate industry Reimbursement Premium for the FHCF for the Contract Year. The Company's Reimbursement Premium as paid to the SBA for the Contract Year is multiplied by the Projected Payout Multiple to estimate the Company's coverage from the FHCF for the Contract Year.
- (26) **Reimbursement Premium**  
This term means the Premium determined by multiplying each \$1,000 of insured value reported by the Company in accordance with Section 215.555(5)(b), Florida Statutes, by the rate as derived from the Premium Formula, as described in Rule 19-8.028, F.A.C.
- (27) **Residential Structures**  
This term means dwelling units, including the primary structure and appurtenant structures insured under the same policy and any other structures covered under endorsements associated with a policy covering a residential structure. *Covered Residential Structures do not include* any structures listed under Article VI herein or structures used solely for non-residential purposes.
- (28) **Retention**  
The Company's Retention means the amount of hurricane losses under Covered Policies which must be incurred by the Company before it is eligible for reimbursement from the FHCF.
- (a) When the Company experiences covered losses from one or two Covered Events during the Contract Year, the Company's full Retention shall be applied to each of the Covered Events.
- (b) When the Company experiences covered losses from more than two Covered Events during the Contract Year, the Company's full Retention shall be applied to each of the two Covered Events causing the largest covered losses for the Company. For each other Covered Event resulting in covered losses, the Company's Retention shall be reduced to one-third of its full Retention and applied to all other Covered Events.
1. All reimbursement of covered losses for each Covered Event shall be based on the Company's full Retention until December 31 of the Contract Year. Adjustments to reflect a reduction to one-third of the full Retention shall be made on or after December 31 of the Contract Year provided the Company reports its losses as specified in this Contract.
  2. Adjustments to the Company's Retention shall be based upon its paid and outstanding losses as reported on the Company's Proof of Loss Reports but shall not include incurred but not reported losses. The Company's Proof of Loss Reports shall be used to determine which Covered Events constitute the Company's two largest Covered Events, and the reduction to one-third of the full Retention shall be applied to all other Covered Events for the Contract Year. After this initial determination, any subsequent adjustments shall be made by the SBA only if the quarterly loss reports reveal that loss development patterns have resulted in a change in the order of Covered Events entitled to the reduction to one-third of the full Retention.
- (c) The Company's full Retention is established in accordance with the provisions of Section 215.555(2)(e), Florida Statutes, and shall be determined by multiplying the Retention Multiple by the Company's Reimbursement Premium for the Contract Year.

- (d) Once the Company's limit of coverage has been exhausted, the Company will not be entitled to further reimbursements.
- (29) **Retention Multiple**
- (a) The Retention Multiple is applied to the Company's Reimbursement Premium to determine the Company's Retention. The Retention Multiple for the 2013/2014 Contract Year shall be equal to \$4.5 billion, adjusted based upon the reported exposure for the 2011/2012 Contract Year to reflect the percentage growth in exposure to the FHCF since 2004, divided by the estimated total industry Reimbursement Premium at the 90% reimbursement percentage level for the Contract Year as determined by the SBA.
- (b) The Retention Multiple as determined under (29)(a) above shall be adjusted to reflect the reimbursement percentage elected by the Company under this Contract as follows:
1. If the Company elects a 90% reimbursement percentage, the adjusted Retention Multiple is 100% of the amount determined under (29)(a) above;
  2. If the Company elects a 75% reimbursement percentage, the adjusted Retention Multiple is 120% of the amount determined under (29)(a) above; or
  3. If the Company elects a 45% reimbursement percentage, the adjusted Retention Multiple is 200% of the amount determined under (29)(a) above.
- (30) **Ultimate Net Loss**
- (a) This term means all Losses of the Company under Covered Policies in force at the time of a Covered Event, as defined under (9) above, prior to the application of the Company's FHCF Retention, as defined under (28) above, and reimbursement percentage, and excluding loss adjustment expense and any exclusions under Article VI herein, arising from each Loss Occurrence during the Contract Year, provided, however, that the Company's Ultimate Net Loss shall be determined in accordance with the deductible level written under the policy sustaining the loss.
- (b) Salvages and all other recoveries, excluding reinsurance recoveries, shall be first deducted from such loss to arrive at the amount of liability attaching hereunder.
- (c) All salvages, recoveries or payments recovered or received subsequent to a loss settlement under this Contract shall be applied as if recovered or received prior to the aforesaid settlement and all necessary adjustments shall be made by the parties hereto.
- (d) Nothing in this clause shall be construed to mean that losses under this Contract are not recoverable until the Company's Ultimate Net Loss has been ascertained.
- (e) The SBA shall be subrogated to the rights of the Company to the extent of its reimbursement of the Company. The Company agrees to assist and cooperate with the SBA in all respects as regards such subrogation. The Company further agrees to undertake such actions as may be necessary to enforce its rights of salvage and subrogation, and its rights, if any, against other insurers as respects any claim, loss, or payment arising out of a Covered Event.

## **ARTICLE VI — EXCLUSIONS**

This Contract does not provide reimbursement for:

- (1) Any losses not defined as being within the scope of a Covered Policy.
- (2) Any policy which excludes wind or hurricane coverage.
- (3) Any Excess Policy or Deductible Buy-Back Policy that requires individual ratemaking, as determined by the FHCF.
- (4) Any policy for Residential Structures, as defined in Article V(27) herein, that provides a layer of coverage underneath an Excess Policy, as defined in Article V(13) herein, issued by a different insurer.
- (5) Any liability of the Company attributable to losses for fair rental value, loss of rent or rental income, or business interruption.

- (6) Any collateral protection policy that does not meet the definition of Covered Policy as defined in Article V(10)(d) herein.
- (7) Any reinsurance assumed by the Company.
- (8) Any exposure for hotels, motels, timeshares, shelters, camps, retreats, and any other rental property used solely for commercial purposes.
- (9) Any exposure for homeowner associations if no habitational structures are insured under the policy.
- (10) Any exposure for homes and condominium structures or units that are non-owner occupied and rented for six (6) or more rental periods by different parties during the course of a twelve (12) month period.
- (11) Commercial healthcare facilities and nursing homes; however, a nursing home which is an integral part of a retirement community consisting primarily of habitational structures that are not nursing homes will not be subject to this exclusion.
- (12) Any exposure under commercial policies covering only appurtenant structures or structures that do not function as a habitational structure (e.g., a policy covering only the pool of an apartment complex).
- (13) Policies covering only Additional Living Expense.
- (14) Any exposure for barns or barns with apartments.
- (15) Any exposure for builders risk coverage or new Residential Structures still under construction.
- (16) Any exposure for recreational vehicles, golf carts, or boats (including boat related equipment) requiring licensing and written on a separate policy or endorsement.
- (17) Any liability of the Company for extra contractual obligations or liabilities in excess of original policy limits. This exclusion includes, but is not limited to, amounts paid as bad faith awards, punitive damages awards, or other court-imposed fines, sanctions, or penalties; or other amounts in excess of the coverage limits under the Covered Policy.
- (18) Any losses paid in excess of a policy's hurricane limit in force at the time of each Covered Event, including individual coverage limits (i.e., building, appurtenant structures, contents, and additional living expense), or other amounts paid as the result of a voluntary expansion of coverage by the insurer, including, but not limited to, a waiver of an applicable deductible. This exclusion includes overpayments of a specific individual coverage limit even if total payments under the policy are within the aggregate policy limit.
- (19) Any losses paid under a policy for Additional Living Expense, written as a time element coverage, in excess of the Additional Living Expense exposure reported for that policy under the Data Call for the applicable Contract Year (unless policy limits have changed effective after June 30 of the Contract Year).
- (20) Any losses for which the Company's claims files do not adequately support. Claim file support shall be deemed adequate if in compliance with the Records Retention Requirements outlined on the Form FHCF-L1B (Proof of Loss Report) applicable to the Contract Year.
- (21) Amounts paid to reimburse a policyholder for condominium association loss assessments or under similar coverages for contractual liabilities.
- (22) Losses in excess of the sum of the Balance of the Fund as of December 31 of the Contract Year and the amount the SBA is able to raise through the issuance of revenue bonds or by the use of other financing mechanisms, up to the limit pursuant to Section 215.555(4)(c), Florida Statutes.
- (23) Any liability assumed by the Company from Pools, Associations, and Syndicates. Exception: Covered Policies assumed from Citizens under the terms and conditions of an executed assumption agreement between the Authorized Insurer and Citizens are covered by this Contract.
- (24) All liability of the Company arising by contract, operation of law, or otherwise, from its participation or membership, whether voluntary or involuntary, in any insolvency fund. "Insolvency fund" includes any guaranty fund, insolvency fund, plan, pool, association, fund or other arrangement, howsoever denominated, established or governed, which provides for any assessment of or payment

or assumption by the Company of part or all of any claim, debt, charge, fee, or other obligation of an insurer, or its successors or assigns, which has been declared by any competent authority to be insolvent, or which is otherwise deemed unable to meet any claim, debt, charge, fee or other obligation in whole or in part.

- (26) Property losses that are proximately caused by any peril other than a Covered Event, including, but not limited to, fire, theft, flood or rising water, or windstorm that does not constitute a Covered Event, or any liability of the Company for loss or damage caused by or resulting from nuclear reaction, nuclear radiation, or radioactive contamination from any cause, whether direct or indirect, proximate or remote, and regardless of any other cause or event contributing concurrently or in any other sequence to the loss.
- (27) The FHCF does not provide coverage for water damage which is generally excluded under property insurance contracts and has been defined to mean flood, surface water, waves, tidal water, overflow of a body of water, storm surge, or spray from any of these, whether or not driven by wind.
- (28) Specialized Fine Arts Risks as defined in Rule 19-8.028(4)(d), F.A.C.
- (29) Any losses under liability coverages.

## **ARTICLE VII - MANAGEMENT OF CLAIMS AND LOSSES**

The Company shall investigate and settle or defend all claims and losses. All payments of claims or losses by the Company within the terms and limits of the appropriate coverage parts of Covered Policies shall be binding on the SBA, subject to the terms of this Contract, including the provisions in Article XIII relating to inspection of records and examinations.

## **ARTICLE VIII — LOSS REIMBURSEMENT ADJUSTMENTS**

### **(1) Offsets**

The SBA reserves the right to offset amounts payable to the SBA from the Company, including amounts payable under any Contract Year and the Company's full Premium for the current Contract Year (regardless of installment due dates), against any reimbursement or advance amounts, or amounts agreed to in a commutation agreement, which are due and payable to the Company from the SBA as a result of the liability of the SBA.

### **(2) Reimbursement Adjustments**

Section 215.555(4)(d) and (e), Florida Statutes, provides the SBA with the right to seek the return of excess loss reimbursements which have been paid to the Company along with interest thereon. Excess loss reimbursements are those payments made to the Company by the SBA that are in excess of the Company's coverage under the Contract Year. Excess loss reimbursements may result from adjustments to the Projected Payout Multiple or the Payout Multiple, incorrect exposure (Data Call) submissions or resubmissions, incorrect calculations of Reimbursement Premiums or Retentions, incorrect Proof of Loss Reports, incorrect calculation of reinsurance recoveries, or subsequent readjustment of policyholder claims, including subrogation and salvage, or any combination of the foregoing. The Company will be sent an invoice showing the due date for adjustments along with the interest due thereon through the due date. The applicable interest rate for interest credits, and for interest charges for adjustments beyond the Company's control, will be the average rate earned by the SBA for the FHCF for the first four months of the Contract Year. The applicable interest rate for interest charges on excess loss reimbursements due to adjustments resulting from incorrect exposure submissions or Proof of Loss Reports will accrue at this rate plus 5%. All interest will continue to accrue if not paid by the due date.

## **ARTICLE IX - REIMBURSEMENT PREMIUM**

- (1) The Company shall, in a timely manner, pay the SBA its Reimbursement Premium for the Contract Year. The Reimbursement Premium for the Contract Year shall be calculated in accordance with Section 215.555, Florida Statutes, with any rules promulgated thereunder, and with Article X(2).
- (2) The Company's Reimbursement Premium is based on its June 30 exposure in accordance with Article X, except as provided for New Participants under Article X, and is not adjusted to reflect an increase or decrease in exposure for Covered Policies effective after June 30 nor is the Reimbursement Premium adjusted when the Company cancels policies or is liquidated or otherwise changes its business status (merger, acquisition, or termination) or stops writing new business (continues in business with its policies in a runoff mode). Similarly, new business written after June 30 will not increase or decrease the Company's FHCF Reimbursement Premium or impact its FHCF coverage. FHCF Reimbursement Premiums are required of all companies based on their writing Covered Policies in Florida as of June 30, and each company's FHCF coverage as based on the definition in Section 215.555(2)(m), Florida Statutes, shall exist for the entirety of the Contract Year regardless of exposure changes, except as provided for New Participants under Article X.
- (3) Since the calculation of the Actuarially Indicated Premium assumes that the Companies will pay their Reimbursement Premiums timely, interest charges will accrue under the following circumstances. A Company may choose to estimate its own Premium installments. However, if the Company's estimation is less than the provisional Premium billed, an interest charge will accrue on the difference between the estimated Premium and the final Premium. If a Company estimates its first installment, the Administrator shall bill that estimated Premium as the second installment as well, which will be considered as an estimate by the Company. No interest will accrue regarding any provisional Premium if paid as billed by the FHCF's Administrator, except in the case of an estimated second installment as set forth in this Article. Also, if a Company makes an estimation that is higher than the provisional Premium billed but is less than the final Premium, interest will not accrue. If the Premium payment is not received from a Company when it is due, an interest charge will accrue on a daily basis until the payment is received. Interest will also accrue on Premiums resulting from submissions or resubmissions finalized after December 1 of the Contract Year. An interest credit will be applied for any Premium which is overpaid as either an estimate or as a provisional Premium. Interest shall not be credited past December 1 of the Contract Year. The applicable interest rate for interest credits will be the average rate earned by the SBA for the FHCF for the first four months of the Contract Year. The applicable interest rate for interest charges will accrue at this rate plus 5%.

## **ARTICLE X - REPORTS AND REMITTANCES**

- (1) **Exposures**
  - (a) If the Company writes Covered Policies before June 1 of the Contract Year, the Company shall report to the SBA, unless otherwise provided in Rule 19-8.029, F.A.C., no later than the statutorily required date of September 1 of the Contract Year, by ZIP Code or other limited geographical area as specified by the SBA, its insured values under Covered Policies as of June 30 of the Contract Year as outlined in the annual reporting of insured values form, FHCF-D1A (Data Call) adopted for the Contract Year under Rule 19-8.029, F.A.C., and other data or information in the format specified by the SBA.
  - (b) If the Company first begins writing Covered Policies on or after June 1 but prior to December 1 of the Contract Year, the Company shall report to the SBA, no later than February 1 of the Contract Year, by ZIP Code or other limited geographical area as specified by the SBA, its insured values under Covered Policies as of November 30 of the Contract Year as outlined in the Supplemental Instructions for New Participants section of the Data Call adopted for the Contract Year under Rule 19-8.029, F.A.C., and other data or information in the format specified by the SBA.

- (c) If the Company first begins writing Covered Policies on December 1 through and including May 31 of the Contract Year, the Company shall not report its exposure data for the Contract Year to the SBA.
  - (d) The requirement that a report is due on a certain date means that the report shall be in the physical possession of the FHCF's Administrator in Minneapolis no later than 5 p.m. Central Time on the due date. If the applicable due date is a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, then the actual due date will be the day immediately following the applicable due date which is not a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday. For purposes of the timeliness of the submission, neither the United States Postal Service postmark nor a postage meter date is in any way determinative. Reports sent to the SBA in Tallahassee, Florida, will be returned to the sender. Reports not in the physical possession of the FHCF's Administrator by 5 p.m., Central Time, on the applicable due date are late.
- (2) **Reimbursement Premium**
- (a) If the Company writes Covered Policies before June 1 of the Contract Year, the Company shall pay the FHCF its Reimbursement Premium in installments due on or before August 1, October 1, and December 1 of the Contract Year in amounts to be determined by the FHCF. However, if the Company's Reimbursement Premium for the prior Contract Year was less than \$5,000, the Company's full provisional Reimbursement Premium, in an amount equal to the Reimbursement Premium paid in the prior year, shall be due in full on or before August 1 of the Contract Year. The Company will be invoiced for amounts due, if any, beyond the provisional Reimbursement Premium payment, on or before December 1 of the Contract Year.
  - (b) If the Company is under administrative supervision, or if any control or oversight of the Company has been transferred through any legal or regulatory action to a state regulator or court appointed receiver or rehabilitator (referred to in the aggregate as "state action"):
    - 1. The full annual provisional Reimbursement Premium as billed and any outstanding balances will be due and payable on August 1, or the date that such State action occurs after August 1 of the Contract Year.
    - 2. Failure by such Company to pay the full annual provisional Reimbursement Premium as specified in 1. above by the applicable due date(s) shall result in the 45% coverage level being deemed for the complete Contract Year regardless of the level selected for the Company through the execution of this Contract and regardless of whether a hurricane event occurred or triggered coverage.
    - 3. The provisions required in 1. and 2. above will not apply when the state regulator, receiver, or rehabilitator provides a letter of assurance to the FHCF that the Company will have the resources and will pay the full Reimbursement Premium for the coverage level selected through the execution of this Contract.
    - 4. When control or oversight has been transferred, in whole or in part, through a legal or regulatory action, the controlling management of the Company shall specify by August 1 or as soon thereafter as possible (but not to exceed two weeks after any regulatory or legal action) in a letter to the FHCF as to the Company's intentions to either pay the full FHCF Reimbursement Premium as specified in 1. above, to default to the 45% coverage being deemed as specified in 2. above, or to provide the assurances as specified in 3. above.
  - (c) A New Participant that first begins writing Covered Policies on or after June 1 but prior to December 1 of the Contract Year shall pay the FHCF a provisional Reimbursement Premium of \$1,000 upon execution of this Contract. The Administrator shall calculate the Company's actual Reimbursement Premium for the period based on its actual exposure as of November 30 of the Contract Year, as reported on or before February 1 of the Contract Year. To recognize that New Participants have limited exposure during this period, the actual Premium as determined by processing the Company's exposure data shall then

be divided in half, the provisional Premium shall be credited, and the resulting amount shall be the total Premium due for the Company for the remainder of the Contract Year. However, if that amount is less than \$1,000, then the Company shall pay \$1,000. The Premium payment is due no later than April 1 of the Contract Year. The Company's Retention and coverage will be determined based on the total Premium due as calculated above.

- (d) A New Participant that first begins writing Covered Policies on or after December 1 through and including May 31 of the Contract Year shall pay the FHCF a Reimbursement Premium of \$1,000 upon execution of this Contract.
  - (e) The requirement that the Reimbursement Premium is due on a certain date means that the Premium shall be in the physical possession of the FHCF no later than 2 p.m., Eastern Time, on the due date applicable to the particular installment. If remitted by check to the FHCF's Post Office Box, the check shall be physically in the Post Office Box 100822, Atlanta, GA 303840822, as set out on the invoice sent to the Company. If remitted by check by hand delivery, the check shall be physically on the premises of the FHCF's bank in College Park, Georgia, as set out on the invoice sent to the Company. If remitted electronically, the wire transfer shall have been completed to the FHCF's account at its bank in Atlanta, Georgia, as set out on the invoice sent to the Company. If the applicable due date is a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, then the actual due date will be the day immediately following the applicable due date which is not a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday. For purposes of the timeliness of the remittance, neither the United States Postal Service postmark nor a postage meter date is in any way determinative. Premium checks sent to the SBA in Tallahassee, Florida, or to the FHCF's Administrator in Minneapolis, Minnesota, will be returned to the sender. Reimbursement Premiums not in the physical possession of the FHCF by 2 p.m., Eastern Time, on the applicable due date are late.
  - (f) Except as required by Section 215.555(7)(c), Florida Statutes, or as described in the following sentence, Reimbursement Premiums, together with earnings thereon, received in a given Contract Year will be used only to pay for losses attributable to Covered Events occurring in that Contract Year or for losses attributable to Covered Events in subsequent Contract Years and will not be used to pay for past losses or for debt service on revenue bonds. Pursuant to Section 215.555(6)(a)1., Florida Statutes, Reimbursement Premiums and earnings thereon may be used for payments relating to revenue bonds in the event emergency assessments are insufficient. If Reimbursement Premiums or earnings thereon are used for debt service on revenue bonds, then the amount of the Reimbursement Premiums or earnings thereon so used shall be returned, without interest, to the Fund when emergency assessments or other legally available funds remain available after making payment relating to the revenue bonds and any other purposes for which emergency assessments were levied.
- (3) **Claims and Losses**
- (a) **In General**
    1. Claims and losses resulting from Loss Occurrences commencing during the Contract Year shall be reported by the Company and reimbursed by the FHCF as provided herein and in accordance with the Statute, this Contract, and any rules adopted pursuant to the Statute. For a Company participating in a quota share primary insurance agreement(s) with Citizens Property Insurance Corporation Coastal Account, Citizens and the Company shall report only their respective portion of losses under the quota share primary insurance agreement(s). Pursuant to Section 215.555(4)(c), Florida Statutes, the SBA is obligated to pay for losses not to exceed the Actual Claims-Paying Capacity of the FHCF, up to the limit in accordance with Section 215.555(4)(c)1., Florida Statutes, for any one Contract Year.
    2. If the Company is in non-compliance with Section 215.555, Florida Statutes for any Contract Year, including deadlines for sending in Contracts, addenda or attachments to Contracts, Data Call submissions or resubmissions, loss reports, or in responding to SBA exam requirements, the SBA reserves the right to withhold any payments or advances until such time the Company becomes compliant.



(b) **Loss Reports**

1. At the direction of the SBA, the Company shall report its projected Ultimate Net Loss from each Loss Occurrence to provide information to the SBA in determining any potential liability for possible reimbursable losses under the Contract on the Interim Loss Report, Form FHCF-L1A, adopted for the Contract Year under Rule 19-8.029, F.A.C. Interim Loss Reports (including subsequent Interim Loss Reports if required by the SBA) will be due in no less than fourteen days from the date of the notice from the SBA that such a report is required.
2. FHCF loss reimbursements will be issued based on Ultimate Net Loss information reported by the Company on the Proof of Loss Report, Form FHCF-L1B, adopted for the Contract Year under Rule 19-8.029, F.A.C.
  - a. To qualify for reimbursement, the Proof of Loss Report must have the *original* signatures of two executive officers authorized by the Company to sign the report.
  - b. The Company must also submit a detailed claims listing (as outlined on the Proof of Loss Report) at the same time it submits its first Proof of Loss Report for a specific Covered Event that qualifies the Company for reimbursement under that Covered Event, and should be prepared to supply a detailed claims listing for any subsequent Proof of Loss Report upon request.
  - c. While a Company may submit a Proof of Loss Report requesting reimbursement at any time following a Loss Occurrence, all Companies shall submit a mandatory Proof of Loss Report for each Loss Occurrence no earlier than December 1 and no later than December 31 of the Contract Year during which the Covered Event(s) occurs using the most current data available, regardless of the amount of Ultimate Net Loss or the amount of loss reimbursements or advances already received. Reports may be faxed only if the Company does not qualify for a reimbursement.
  - d. For the Proof of Loss Reports due by December 31 of the Contract Year, and the required subsequent quarterly and annual reports required under subparagraphs 3. and 4. below, the Company shall submit its Proof of Loss Reports by each quarter-end or year-end using the most current data available. However, the date of such data shall not be more than sixty days prior to the applicable quarter-end or year-end date.
3. Updated Proof of Loss Reports for each Loss Occurrence are due quarterly thereafter until all claims and losses resulting from a Loss Occurrence are fully discharged including any adjustments to such losses due to salvage or other recoveries, or the Company has received its full coverage under the Contract Year in which the Loss Occurrence(s) occurred. Guidelines follow:
  - a. Quarterly Proof of Loss Reports are due by March 31 from an insurer whose losses exceed, or are expected to exceed, 50% of its FHCF Retention for a specific Loss Occurrence(s).
  - b. Quarterly Proof of Loss Reports are due by June 30 from an insurer whose losses exceed, or are expected to exceed, 75% of its FHCF Retention for a specific Loss Occurrence(s).
  - c. Quarterly Proof of Loss Reports are due by September 30 and quarterly thereafter from an insurer whose losses exceed, or are expected to exceed, its FHCF Retention for a specific Loss Occurrence(s).If the Company's Retention must be recalculated as the result of an exposure resubmission, and if the recalculated Retention changes the FHCF's reimbursement obligations, then the Company shall submit additional Proof of Loss Reports for recalculation of the FHCF's obligations.
4. Annually after December 31 of the Contract Year, all Companies shall submit a mandatory year-end Proof of Loss Report for each Loss Occurrence, as applicable, using the most current data available. This Proof of Loss Report shall be filed no earlier than December 1

and no later than December 31 of each year and shall continue until the earlier of the commutation process described in (3)(d) below or until all claims and losses resulting from the Loss Occurrence are fully discharged including any adjustments to such losses due to salvage or other recoveries.

5. The SBA, except as noted below, will determine and pay, within 30 days or as soon as practicable after receiving Proof of Loss Reports, the reimbursement amount due based on losses paid by the Company to date and adjustments to this amount based on subsequent quarterly information. The adjustments to reimbursement amounts shall require the SBA to pay, or the Company to return, amounts reflecting the most recent determination of losses.
  - a. The SBA shall have the right to consult with all relevant regulatory agencies to seek all relevant information, and shall consider any other factors deemed relevant, prior to the issuance of reimbursements.
  - b. The SBA shall require commercial self-insurance funds established under Section 624.462, Florida Statutes, to submit contractor receipts to support paid losses reported on a Proof of Loss Report, and the SBA may hire an independent consultant to confirm losses, prior to the issuance of reimbursements.
  - c. The SBA shall have the right to conduct a claims examination prior to the issuance of any advances or reimbursements submitted by Companies that have been placed under regulatory supervision by a State or where control has been transferred through any legal or regulatory proceeding to a state regulator or court appointed receiver or rehabilitator.
6. All Proof of Loss Reports received will be compared with the FHCF's exposure data to establish the facial reasonableness of the reports. The SBA may also review the results of current and prior Contract Year exposure and loss examinations to determine the reasonableness of the reported losses. Except as noted in paragraph 4. above, Companies meeting these tests for reasonableness will be scheduled for reimbursement. Companies not meeting these tests for reasonableness will be handled on a case-by-case basis and will be contacted to provide specific information regarding their individual book of business. The discovery of errors in a Company's reported exposure under the Data Call may require a resubmission of the current Contract Year Data Call which, as the Data Call impacts the Company's Premium, Retention, and coverage for the Contract Year, will be required before the Company's request for reimbursement or an advance will be fully processed by the Administrator.

**(c) Loss Reimbursement Calculations**

1. In general, the Company's paid Ultimate Net Losses must exceed its full FHCF Retention for a specific Covered Event before any reimbursement is payable from the FHCF for that Covered Event. As described in Article V(28)(b), Retention adjustments will be made on or after December 31 of the Contract Year. No interest is payable on additional payments to the Company due to this type of Retention adjustment. Each Company sustaining reimbursable losses will receive the amount of reimbursement due under the Contract up to the amount of the Company's payout. If more than one Covered Event occurs in any one Contract Year, any reimbursements due from the FHCF shall take into account the Company's Retention for each Covered Event. However, the Company's reimbursements from the FHCF for all Covered Events occurring during the Contract Year shall not exceed, in aggregate, the Projected Payout Multiple or Payout Multiple, as applicable, times the individual Company's Reimbursement Premium for the Contract Year.
2. In determining reimbursements under this Contract, the SBA shall reimburse each of the Companies, including entities created pursuant to Section 627.351(6), Florida Statutes, for the amount (if any) of reimbursement due under the individual Company's Contract, but not to exceed for all Loss Occurrences, an amount equal to the Projected Payout Multiple or the Payout Multiple, as applicable, times the individual Company's Reimbursement Premium for the Contract Year.

3. Reserve established. When a Covered Event occurs in a subsequent Contract Year when reimbursable losses are still being paid for a Covered Event in a previous Contract Year, the SBA will establish a reserve for the outstanding reimbursable losses for the previous Contract Year, based on the length of time the losses have been outstanding, the amount of losses already paid, the percentage of incurred losses still unpaid, and any other factors specific to the loss development of the Covered Events involved.

**(d) Commutation**

1. Not less than 36 months or more than 60 months after the end of the Contract Year, the Company shall file a final Proof of Loss Report(s), with the exception of Companies having no reportable losses as described in paragraph (3)(d)1.a. below. Otherwise, the final Proof of Loss Report(s) is required as specified in paragraph (3)(d)1.b. below. The Company and SBA may mutually agree to initiate commutation after 36 months and prior to 60 months after the end of the Contract Year. The commutation negotiations shall begin at the later of 60 months after the end of the Contract Year or upon completion of the FHCF loss examination for the Company and the resolution of all outstanding examination issues.
  - a. If the Company's most recently submitted Proof of Loss Report(s) indicate that it has no losses resulting from a Loss Occurrence(s) during the Contract Year, the SBA shall after 36 months request that the Company execute a final commutation agreement. The final commutation agreement shall constitute a complete and final release of all obligations of the SBA with respect to all claims and losses. If the Company chooses not to execute a final commutation agreement, the SBA shall be released from all obligations 60 months following the end of the Contract Year if no Proof of Loss Report(s) indicating reimbursable losses have been filed and the commutation shall be deemed concluded. However during this time, if the Company determines that it does have losses to report for FHCF reimbursement, the Company must submit an updated Proof of Loss Report(s) prior to the end of 60 months after the Contract Year and the Company shall be required to follow the commutation provisions and time frames otherwise specified in this section.
  - b. If the Company has submitted a Proof of Loss Report(s) indicating that it does have losses resulting from a Loss Occurrence(s) during the Contract Year, the SBA may require the Company to submit within 30 days an updated, current Proof of Loss Report(s) for each Loss Occurrence during the Contract Year. The Proof of Loss Report(s) must include all paid losses as well as all outstanding losses and incurred but not reported losses, which are not finally settled and which may be reimbursable losses under this Contract, and must be accompanied by supporting documentation (at a minimum an adjuster's summary report or equivalent details) and a copy of a written opinion on the present value of the outstanding losses and incurred but not reported losses by the Company's certifying actuary. Failure of the Company to provide an updated current Proof of Loss Report(s), supporting documentation, and an opinion by the date requested by the SBA may result in referral to the Office of Insurance Regulation for a violation of the Contract. Increases in reported paid, outstanding, or incurred but not reported losses on original or corrected Proof of Loss Report filings received later than 60 months after the end of the Contract Year shall not be eligible for reimbursement or commutation.
2. Determining the present value of outstanding claims and losses.
  - a. If the Company exceeds or expects to exceed its Retention, the Company and the SBA or their respective representatives shall attempt, by mutual agreement, to agree upon the present value of all outstanding claims and losses, both reported and incurred but not reported, resulting from Loss Occurrences during the Contract Year. Payment by the

SBA of its portion of any amount or amounts so mutually agreed and certified by the Company's certifying actuary shall constitute a complete and final release of the SBA in respect of all claims and losses, both reported and unreported, under this Contract.

- b. If agreement on present value cannot be reached within 90 days of the FHCF's receipt of the final Proof of Loss Report(s) and supporting documentation, the Company and the SBA may mutually appoint an actuary, adjuster, or appraiser to investigate and determine such claims or losses. If both parties then agree, the SBA shall pay its portion of the amount so determined to be the present value of such claims or losses.
- c. If the parties fail to agree, then any difference shall be settled by a panel of three actuaries, as provided in this paragraph.
  - i. One actuary shall be chosen by each party, and the third actuary shall be chosen by those two actuaries. If either party does not appoint an actuary within 30 days, the other party may appoint two actuaries. If the two actuaries fail to agree on the selection of an independent third actuary within 30 days of their appointment, each of them shall name two, of whom the other shall decline one and the decision shall be made by drawing lots.
  - ii. All of the actuaries shall be regularly engaged in the valuation of property claims and losses and shall be members of the Casualty Actuarial Society and of the American Academy of Actuaries.
  - iii. None of the actuaries shall be under the control of either party to this Contract.
  - iv. Each party shall submit its case to the panel in writing on the 30<sup>th</sup> day after the appointment of the third actuary. Following the submission of the case to the panel, the parties are prohibited from providing any further information or other communication except at the request of the panel. Such responses to requests from the panel must be in writing and simultaneously provided to the other party and all members of the panel, except that the panel may require the response to be provided in a meeting or teleconference attended by both parties and all members of the panel.
  - v. The decision in writing of any two actuaries, when filed with the parties hereto, shall be final and binding on both parties.
- d. The reasonable and customary expense of the actuaries and of the commutation (as a result of b. and c. above) shall be equally divided between the two parties. Said commutation shall take place in Tallahassee, Florida, unless some other place is mutually agreed upon by the Company and the SBA.

(4) **Advances**

- (a) In accordance with Section 215.555(4)(e), Florida Statutes, the SBA may make advances for loss reimbursements as defined herein, at market interest rates, to the Company in accordance with Section 215.555(4)(e), Florida Statutes. An advance is an early reimbursement which allows the Company to continue to pay claims in a timely manner. Advances will be made based on the Company's paid and reported outstanding losses for Covered Policies (excluding all incurred but not reported [IBNR] losses) as reported on a Proof of Loss Report, and shall include Loss Adjustment Expense Reimbursement as calculated by the FHCF. In order to be eligible for an advance, the Company must submit its exposure data for the Contract Year as required under paragraph (1) of this Article. Except as noted below, advances, if approved, will be made as soon as practicable after the SBA receives a written request, signed by two officers of the Company, for an advance of a specific amount and any other information required for the specific type of advance under subparagraphs (c) and (e) below. All reimbursements due to a Company shall be offset against any amount of outstanding advances plus the interest due thereon.
- (b) For advances or excess advances, which are advances that are in excess of the amount to which the Company is entitled, the market interest rate shall be the prime rate as published in the Wall

- Street Journal on the first business day of the Contract Year. This rate will be adjusted annually on the first business day of each subsequent Contract Year, regardless of whether the Company executes subsequent Contracts. In addition to the prime rate, an additional 5% interest charge will apply on excess advances. All interest charged will commence on the date the SBA issues a check for an advance and will cease on the date upon which the FHCF has received the Company's Proof of Loss Report(s) for the Covered Event(s) for which the Company qualifies for reimbursement(s). If such reimbursement(s) are less than the amount of outstanding advance(s) issued to the Company, interest will continue to accrue on the outstanding balance of the advance(s) until subsequent Proof of Loss Reports qualify the Company for reimbursement under any Covered Event equal to or exceeding the amount of any outstanding advance(s). Interest shall be billed on a periodic basis. If it is determined that the Company received funds in excess of those to which it was entitled, the interest as to those sums will not cease on the date of the receipt of the Proof of Loss Report but will continue until the Company reimburses the FHCF for the overpayment.
- (c) If the Company has an outstanding advance balance as of December 31 of this or any other Contract Year, the Company is required to have an actuary certify outstanding and incurred but not reported losses as reported on the applicable December Proof of Loss Report.
  - (d) The specific type of advances enumerated in Section 215.555, Florida Statutes, follow.
    - 1. Advances to Companies to prevent insolvency, as defined under Article XIV of this Contract.
      - a. Section 215.555(4)(e)1., Florida Statutes, provides that the SBA shall advance to the Company amounts necessary to maintain the solvency of the Company, up to 50 percent of the SBA's estimate of the reimbursement due to the Company.
      - b. In addition to the requirements outlined in subparagraph (4)(a) above, the requirements for an advance to a Company to prevent insolvency are that the Company demonstrates it is likely to qualify for reimbursement and that the immediate receipt of moneys from the SBA is likely to prevent the Company from becoming insolvent, and the Company provides the following information:
        - i. Current assets;
        - ii. Current liabilities other than liabilities due to the Covered Event;
        - iii. Current surplus as to policyholders;
        - iv. Estimate of other expected liabilities not due to the Covered Event; and Amount of reinsurance available to pay claims for the Covered Event under other reinsurance treaties.
      - c. The SBA's final decision regarding an application for an advance to prevent insolvency shall be based on whether or not, considering the totality of the circumstances, including the SBA's obligations to provide reimbursement for all Covered Events occurring during the Contract Year, granting an advance is essential to allowing the entity to continue to pay additional claims for a Covered Event in a timely manner.
    - 2. Advances to entities created pursuant to Section 627.351(6), Florida Statutes.
      - a. Section 215.555(4)(e)2., Florida Statutes, provides that the SBA may advance to an entity created pursuant to Section 627.351(6), Florida Statutes, up to 90% of the lesser of the SBA's estimate of the reimbursement due or the entity's share of the actual aggregate Reimbursement Premium for that Contract Year, multiplied by the current available liquid assets of the FHCF.
      - b. In addition to the requirements outlined in subparagraph (4)(a) above, the requirements for an advance to entities created pursuant to Section 627.351(6), Florida Statutes, are that the entity must demonstrate to the SBA that the advance is essential to allow the entity to pay claims for a Covered Event.

3. Advances to limited apportionment companies.  
Section 215.555(4)(e)3., Florida Statutes, provides that the SBA may advance the amount of estimated reimbursement payable to limited apportionment companies.
- (e) In determining whether or not to grant an advance and the amount of an advance, the SBA:
  1. Shall determine whether its assets available for the payment of obligations are sufficient and sufficiently liquid to fulfill its obligations to other Companies prior to granting an advance;
  2. Shall review and consider all the information submitted by such Companies;
  3. Shall review such Companies' compliance with all requirements of Section 215.555, Florida Statutes;
  4. Shall consult with all relevant regulatory agencies to seek all relevant information;
  5. Shall review the damage caused by the Covered Event and when that Covered Event occurred;
  6. Shall consider whether the Company has substantially exhausted amounts previously advanced;
  7. Shall consider any other factors deemed relevant; and
  8. Shall require commercial self-insurance funds established under section 624.462, Florida Statutes, to submit a copy of written estimates of expenses in support of the amount of advance requested.
- (f) Any amount advanced by the SBA shall be used by the Company only to pay claims of its policyholders for the Covered Event or Covered Events which have precipitated the immediate need to continue to pay additional claims as they become due.
- (5) **Delinquent Payments**  
Failure to submit a payment when due is a violation of the terms of this Contract and Section 215.555, Florida Statutes. Interest on late payments shall be due as set forth in Article VIII(2) and Article IX(2) of this Contract.
- (6) **Inadequate Data Submissions**  
If exposure data or other information required to be reported by the Company under the terms of this Contract is not received by the FHCF in the format specified by the FHCF or is inadequate to the extent that the FHCF requires resubmission of data, the Company will be required to pay the FHCF a resubmission fee of \$1,000 for resubmissions that are not a result of an examination by the SBA. If a resubmission is necessary as a result of an examination report issued by the SBA, the first resubmission fee will be \$2,000. If the Company's examination-required resubmission is inadequate and the SBA requires an additional resubmission(s), the resubmission fee for each subsequent resubmission shall be \$2,000. A resubmission of exposure data may delay the processing of the Company's request for reimbursement or an advance.
- (7) **Delinquent Submissions**  
Failure to submit an exposure submission, resubmission, loss report, or commutation documentation when due is a violation of the terms of this Contract and Section 215.555, Florida Statutes.
- (8) **Confidential Information/Trade Secret Information**  
Pursuant to the provisions of Section 215.557, Florida Statutes, the reports of insured values under Covered Policies by ZIP Code submitted to the SBA pursuant to Section 215.555, Florida Statutes, are confidential and exempt from the provisions of Section 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and Section 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. If other information submitted by the Company to the FHCF could reasonably be ruled a "trade secret" as defined in Section 812.081, Florida Statutes, such information must be clearly marked "Trade Secret Information."

## ARTICLE XI - TAXES

In consideration of the terms under which this Contract is issued, the Company agrees to make no deduction in respect of the Premium herein when making premium tax returns to the appropriate

authorities. Should any taxes be levied on the Company in respect of the Premium herein, the Company agrees to make no claim upon the SBA for reimbursement in respect of such taxes.

## **ARTICLE XII - ERRORS AND OMISSIONS**

Any inadvertent delay, omission, or error on the part of the SBA shall not be held to relieve the Company from any liability which would attach to it hereunder if such delay, omission, or error had not been made.

## **ARTICLE XIII - INSPECTION OF RECORDS**

The Company shall allow the SBA to inspect, examine, and verify, at reasonable times, all records of the Company relating to the Covered Policies under this Contract, including Company files concerning claims, losses, or legal proceedings regarding subrogation or claims recoveries which involve this Contract, including premium, loss records and reports involving exposure data or losses under Covered Policies. This right by the SBA to inspect, examine, and verify shall survive the completion and closure of an exposure examination or loss examination file and the termination of the Contract. The Company shall have no right to re-open an exposure or loss reimbursement examination once closed and the findings have been accepted by the Company; any re-opening shall be at the sole discretion of the SBA. If the FHCF Finance Corporation has issued revenue bonds and relied upon the exposure and loss data submitted and certified by the Company as accurate to determine the amount of bonding needed, the SBA may choose not to require, or accept, a resubmission if the resubmission will result in additional reimbursements to the Company. The SBA may require any discovered errors, inadvertent omissions, and typographical errors associated with the data reporting of insured values, discovered prior to the closing of the file and acceptance of the examination findings by the Company, to be corrected to reflect the proper values. The Company shall retain its records in accordance with the requirements for records retention regarding exposure reports and claims reports outlined herein, and in any administrative rules adopted pursuant to Section 215.555, Florida Statutes. Companies writing covered collateral protection policies, as defined in definition (10)(d) of Article V herein, must be able to provide documentation that the policy covers personal residences, protects both the borrower's and lender's interest, and that the coverage is in an amount at least equal to the coverage for the dwelling in place under the lapsed homeowner's policy.

### **(1) Purpose of FHCF Examination**

The purpose of the examinations conducted by the SBA is to evaluate the accuracy of the FHCF exposure or loss data reported by the Company. However, due to the limited nature of the examination, it cannot be relied upon as an assurance that a company's data is reported accurately or in its entirety. The company should not rely on the FHCF to identify every type of reporting error in its data. In addition, the reporting requirements are subject to change each Contract Year so it is the Company's responsibility to be familiar with the applicable Contract Year requirements and to incorporate any changes into its data for that Contract Year. It is also the Company's responsibility to ensure that its data is reported accurately and to comply with Florida Statutes and any applicable rules when reporting exposure data. The examination report is not intended to provide a legal determination of the Company's compliance.

### **(2) Examination Requirements for Exposure Verification**

The Company shall retain complete and accurate records, in policy level detail, of all exposure data submitted to the SBA in any Contract Year until the SBA has completed its examination of the Company's exposure submissions. The Company shall also retain complete and accurate records of any completed exposure examination for any Contract Year in which the Company incurred losses until the completion of the loss reimbursement examination for that Contract Year. The records to be retained shall include the exam file which supports the exposure reported to the SBA and any other information which would allow for a complete examination of the Company's reported exposure data. The exam file shall be prepared according to the SBA Exam File

Specifications outlined in the Data Call. The Company must also have available, at the time of the examination, a copy of its underwriting manual, a copy of its rating manual, and staff to respond to the questions of the SBA or its agents. The Company is also required to retain declarations pages and policy applications to support reported exposure. To meet the requirement that the application must be retained, the Company may retain either the actual application or may retain the actual application in an electronic format. A complete list of records to be retained is set forth in Form FHCF-EAP1, adopted for the Contract Year under Rule 19-8.030, F.A.C.

(3) **Examination Requirements for Loss Reports**

The Company shall retain complete and accurate records of all reported losses and/or advances submitted to the SBA until the SBA has completed its examination of the Company's reimbursable losses and commutation for the Contract Year (if applicable) has been concluded. The records to be retained are set forth as part of the Proof of Loss Report, Form FHCF-L1B, adopted for the Contract Year under Rule 19-8.029, F.A.C., and Form FHCF-LAP1, adopted for the Contract Year under Rule 19-8.030, F.A.C. The Company must also retain the required exposure exam file for the Contract Year in which the loss occurred, and must have available any other information which would allow for a complete examination of the Company's losses.

(4) **Examination Procedures**

- (a) The FHCF will send an examination notice to the Company providing the commencement date of the examination, the site of the examination, any accommodation requirements of the examiner, and the reports and data which must be assembled by the Company and forwarded to the FHCF upon request. The Company shall be prepared to choose one location in which to be examined, unless otherwise specified by the SBA.
- (b) The reports and data are required to be forwarded to the FHCF as set forth in an examination notice letter. The information is then forwarded to the examiner. If the FHCF receives accurate and complete records as requested, the examiner will contact the Company to inform the Company as to what policies or other documentation will be required once the examiner is on site. Any records not required to be provided to the examiner in advance shall be made available at the time the examiner arrives on site. Any records to support reported losses which are provided after the examiner has left the work-site will, at the SBA's discretion, result in an additional examination of exposure and/or loss records or an extension or expansion of the examination already in progress. All costs associated with such additional examination or with the extension or expansion of the original examination shall be borne by the Company.
- (c) At the conclusion of the examiner's work and the management review of the examiner's report, findings, recommendations, and work papers, the FHCF will forward an examination report to the Company and require a response from the Company by a date certain as to the examination findings and recommendations.
- (d) If the Company accepts the examination findings and recommendations, and there is no recommendation for additional information, the examination report will be finalized and the exam file closed.
- (e) If the Company disputes the examiner's findings, the areas in dispute will be resolved by a meeting or a conference call between the Company and FHCF management.
- (f) 1. If the recommendation of the examiner is to resubmit the Company's exposure data for the Contract Year in question, then the FHCF will send the Company a letter outlining the process for resubmission and including a deadline to resubmit. The resubmission will include a data file to be submitted to the FHCF's Administrator and an exam file to be submitted to the offices of the SBA. The resubmission is also required to be accompanied by a detailed written description of the specific changes made to the resubmitted data. Once



the resubmission is received by the FHCF's Administrator, the FHCF's Administrator calculates a revised Reimbursement Premium for the Contract Year which has been examined. The SBA shall then review the resubmission with respect to the examiner's findings, and accept the resubmission or contact the Company with any questions regarding the resubmission. Once the SBA has accepted the resubmission as a sufficient response to the examiner's findings, the exam is closed.

2. If the recommendation of the examiner is either to resubmit the Company's exposure data for the Contract Year in question or giving the option to pay the estimated Premium difference, then the FHCF will send the Company a letter outlining the process for resubmission or for paying the estimated Premium difference and including a deadline for the resubmission or the payment to be received by the FHCF's Administrator. If the Company chooses to resubmit, the same procedures outlined in Article XIII(3)(f)1. apply.
  - (g) If the recommendation of the examiner is to update the Company's Proof of Loss Report(s) for the Contract Year under review, the FHCF will send the Company a letter outlining the process for submitting the Proof of Loss Report(s) and including a deadline to file. The updated Proof of Loss Report(s) will be submitted to the FHCF's Administrator with a copy of the Proof of Loss Report(s) and a supporting detailed claims listing to be submitted to the offices of the SBA. The report is required to be accompanied by a detailed written description of the specific changes made. Once the Proof of Loss Report(s) is received by the FHCF Administrator, the FHCF's Administrator will calculate a revised reimbursement. The SBA shall then review the submitted Proof of Loss Report(s) with respect to the examiner's findings, and accept the Proof of Loss Report(s) as filed or contact the Company with any questions. Once the SBA has accepted the corrected Proof of Loss Report(s) as a sufficient response to the examiner's findings, the exam is closed.
  - (h) The examiner's list of errors is made available in the examination report sent to the Company. Given that the examination was based on a sample of the Company's policies or claims rather than the whole universe of the Company's Covered Policies or reported claims, the error list is not intended to provide a complete list of errors but is intended to indicate what information needs to be reviewed and corrected throughout the Company's book of Covered Policy business or claims information to ensure more complete and accurate reporting to the FHCF.
- (4) **Costs of the Examinations**
- The costs of the examinations shall be borne by the SBA. However, in order to remove any incentive for a Company to delay preparations for an examination, the SBA shall be reimbursed by the Company for any examination expenses incurred in addition to the usual and customary costs, which additional expenses were incurred as a result of the Company's failure, despite proper notice, to be prepared for the examination or as a result of a Company's failure to provide requested information. All requested information must be complete and accurate.

#### **ARTICLE XIV - INSOLVENCY OF THE COMPANY**

Company shall notify the FHCF immediately upon becoming insolvent. Except as otherwise provided below, no covered loss reimbursements will be made until the FHCF has completed and closed its examination of the insolvent Company's losses, unless an agreement is entered into by the court appointed receiver specifying that all data and computer systems required for FHCF exposure and loss examinations will be maintained until completion of the Company's exposure and loss examinations. Except as otherwise provided below, in order to account for potential erroneous reporting, the SBA shall hold back 25% of requested loss reimbursements until the exposure and loss examinations for the Company are completed. Only those losses supported by the

examination will be reimbursed. Pursuant to Section 215.555(4)(g), Florida Statutes, the FHCF is required to pay the "net amount of all reimbursement moneys" due an insolvent insurer to the Florida Insurance Guaranty Association (FIGA) for the benefit of Florida policyholders. For the purpose of this Contract, a Company is insolvent when an order of liquidation with a finding of insolvency has been entered by a court of competent jurisdiction. In light of the need for an immediate infusion of funds to enable policyholders of insolvent companies to be paid for their claims, the SBA may enter into agreements with FIGA allowing exposure and loss examinations to take place immediately without the usual notice and response time limitations and allowing the FHCF to make loss reimbursements (net of any amounts payable to the SBA from the Company or FIGA) to FIGA before the examinations are completed and before the response time expires for claims filing by reinsurers and financial institutions, which have a priority interest in those funds pursuant to Section 215.555(4)(g), Florida Statutes. Such agreements must ensure the availability of the necessary records and adequate security must be provided so that if the FHCF determines that it overpaid FIGA on behalf of the Company, or if claims are filed by reinsurers or financial institutions having a priority interest in these funds, that the funds will be repaid to the FHCF by FIGA within a reasonable time.

#### **ARTICLE XV - TERMINATION**

The FHCF and the obligations of both parties under this Contract can be terminated only as may be provided by law or applicable rules.

#### **ARTICLE XVI - VIOLATIONS**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 215.555(10), Florida Statutes, any violation of the terms of this Contract by the Company constitutes a violation of the Insurance Code of the State of Florida. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 215.555(11), Florida Statutes, the SBA is authorized to take any action necessary to enforce any administrative rules adopted pursuant to Section 215.555, Florida Statutes, and the provisions and requirements of this Contract.

#### **ARTICLE XVII - APPLICABLE LAW**

This Contract shall be governed by and construed according to the laws of the State of Florida in respect of any matter relating to or arising out of this Contract.

#### **ARTICLE XVIII — REIMBURSEMENT CONTRACT ELECTIONS**

##### **(1) Reimbursement Percentage**

For purposes of determining reimbursement (if any) due the Company under this Contract and in accordance with the Statute, the Company has the option to elect a 45% or 75% or 90% reimbursement percentage under this Contract. If the Company is a member of an NAIC group, all members must elect the same reimbursement percentage, and the individual executing this Contract on behalf of the Company, by placing his or her initials in the box under (a) below, affirms that the Company has elected the same reimbursement percentage as all members of its NAIC group. If the Company is an entity created pursuant to Section 627.351, Florida Statutes, the Company must elect the 90% reimbursement percentage. The Company shall not be permitted to change its reimbursement percentage during the Contract Year. The Company shall be permitted to change its reimbursement percentage at the beginning of a new Contract Year, but may not reduce its reimbursement percentage if a Covered Event required the issuance of revenue bonds, until the bonds have been fully repaid.

**IMPORTANT NOTE: The FHCF has issued revenue bonds as a result of its liabilities for Covered Events under the Contract Year effective June 1, 2005. As those bonds have not been fully repaid, the Company may not select a Reimbursement Percentage that is less than its selection under the prior Contract Year effective June 1, 2012.**

The Reimbursement Percentage elected by the Company for the prior Contract Year effective June 1, 2012 was as follows: Federated National Insurance Company - 90%

(a) **NAIC Group Affirmation:** Initial the following box if the Company is part of an NAIC Group:

/s/ MB #10790
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(b) **Reimbursement Percentage Election:** The Company hereby elects the following Reimbursement Percentage for the Contract Year from 12:00:01 a.m., Eastern Time, June 1, 2013, to 12:00 a.m., Eastern Time, May 31, 2014, (the individual executing this Contract on behalf of the Company shall place his or her initials in the box to the left of the percentage elected for the Company):

	45% OR		75% OR		/s/ MB	90%
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**Reporting Exposure for a Single Structure, with a Mix of Commercial Habitational and Commercial Non-Habitational Exposure, Written on a Commercial Policy**

This section is applicable to all Companies which either have exposure for single structures with a mix of commercial habitational and commercial non-habitational exposure written under a Commercial Policy, or have the authority to write such policies. If the Company does not have the authority to write this type of exposure, this section **does not** apply; initial the **N/A** box at the end of this section, which completes this section of ARTICLE XVIII. If the Company **does** write, or has the authority to write, this type of exposure, please read and complete the remainder of this section.

***Commercial-Residential Class Code***

If a single structure is used for both habitational and non-habitational purposes and the structure has a commercial-residential class code (based on a classification plan on file with and reviewed by the Administrator), the entire exposure for the structure should be reported to the FHCF under the Data Call, and the FHCF will reimburse losses for the entire structure as well.

***Commercial Non-Residential/Business Class Code***

If a single structure is used for both habitational and non-habitational purposes and the structure has a commercial non-residential or business class code (based on a classification plan on file with and reviewed by the Administrator), the habitational portion of that structure should be identified and reported to the FHCF under the Data Call.

However, in recognition of the unusual nature of commercial structures with incidental habitational exposure and the hardship some companies may face in having to carve out such incidental habitational exposure, as well as the losses to such structures, the FHCF will accommodate these companies by allowing them to exclude the entire exposure for the single structure from their Data Call submission, providing the following two conditions are met:

- (a) The decision to not carve out and report the incidental habitational exposure shall apply to all such structures insured by the Company; and
- (b) If the incidental habitational exposure is not reported to the FHCF, the Company agrees it shall not report losses to the structure and the FHCF shall not reimburse any losses to the structure.

Initial the **CARVING** box below if the Company is able to carve out and report its incidental habitational exposure, **OR**, if this requirement presents a hardship, the Company must communicate its decision to not carve out and to not report the incidental exposure by having the individual executing this Contract on behalf of the Company placing his or her initials in the **NOT CARVING** box below. If the Company does not currently write such policies, but has the authority to write such policies after the start date of this Contract, the decision to carve or not carve out the incidental habitational exposure must be indicated below.

	<b>OR</b>		<b>OR</b>	/s/ <b>MB</b>
<b>CARVING</b>		<b>NOT CARVING</b>		<b>NOT APPLICABLE</b>

By initialing the **CARVING** or **NOT CARVING** box above, the Company is making an irrevocable decision for the corresponding Contract Year Data Call submission and any subsequent resubmissions.

**Important Note:** Since this election will impact your Data Call submission, please share this decision with the individual(s) responsible for compiling your Data Call submission.

***Additional Living Expense (ALE) Written as Time Element Coverage***

If your Company writes Covered Policies that provide ALE coverage on a time element basis (i.e., coverage is based on a specific period of time as opposed to a stated dollar limit), you must initial the 'Yes — Time Element ALE' box below. If your Company does not write time element ALE coverage, initial 'No — Time Element ALE' box below.

	<b>OR</b>	/s/ <b>MB</b>
<b>Yes – Time Element ALE</b>		<b>No – Time Element ALE</b>

**ARTICLE XIX — SIGNATURES**

**Approved by:**

Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund

By: State Board of Administration of the State of Florida

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Ashbel C. Williams  
Executive Director & CIO

\_\_\_\_\_ Date

Approved as to legality:

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ Date

Federated National Insurance Company

Michael H. Braun, President  
Typed/Printed Name and Title

By: /s/ MICHAEL H. BRAUN  
Signature

2/15/2013  
Date



STATE BOARD OF ADMINISTRATION  
OF FLORIDA

1801 HERMITAGE BOULEVARD  
TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA 32308  
(850) 488-4406

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RICK SCOTT  
GOVERNOR  
AS CHAIRMAN  
JEFF ATWATER  
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER  
AS TREASURER  
PAM BONDI  
ATTORNEY GENERAL  
AS SECRETARY  
ASH WILLIAMS  
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR & CIO

**ATTENTION: THIS ADDENDUM MUST BE COMPLETED, SIGNED, AND RETURNED BY ALL COMPANIES EXECUTING A REIMBURSEMENT CONTRACT REGARDLESS OF CHOICE TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THIS OPTIONAL COVERAGE**

**ADDENDUM NO. 1  
to  
REIMBURSEMENT CONTRACT  
Effective: June 1, 2013  
(Contract)**

between

**FEDERATED NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY  
(Company)**

**NAIC # 10790**

and

**THE STATE BOARD OF ADMINISTRATION OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA (SBA)  
WHICH ADMINISTERS THE FLORIDA HURRICANE CATASTROPHE FUND (FHCF)**

**It is Hereby Agreed**, effective at 12:00:01 a.m., Eastern Time, June 1, 2013, that this Contract shall be amended as follows:

**TEMPORARY INCREASE IN COVERAGE LIMIT OPTIONS FOR ADDITIONAL COVERAGE PURSUANT TO SECTION 215.555(17), FLORIDA STATUTES.**

Pursuant to Section 215.555(17), Florida Statutes, the Temporary Increase in Coverage Limit (TICL) Options provision allows the Company to select additional FHCF reimbursement coverage above its mandatory FHCF coverage layer under the Reimbursement Contract. The optional coverage selections provided in this Addendum No. 1 expires on May 31, 2014. Coverage provided under TICL shall otherwise be consistent with terms and conditions as relates to the Reimbursement Contract including, but not limited to, definitions, coverage for Covered Policies as defined, exclusions, loss reporting, and examination procedures.

To be eligible for this optional coverage, the Company must return a fully executed Addendum No. 1 (two originals) no later than 5 p.m., Central Time, March 1, 2013. New Participants, as

defined in Article V of the Contract, must return a fully executed Addendum No. 1 (two originals) within thirty days of writing its first Covered Policy and prior to a Loss Occurrence, as both terms are defined in Article V of the Contract, under which the Company would be eligible for reimbursements under the Contract.

Any Company failing to meet the applicable deadline shall not be eligible for optional coverage under Addendum No. 1.

### **I. TICL Coverage**

The Company may purchase one of two optional coverages above its mandatory FHCF coverage provided for in the FHCF Reimbursement Contract. The TICL options allow the Company to purchase its mandatory FHCF premium share of one of the two optional layers of coverage. The optional layers of coverage above the mandatory FHCF coverage are \$2 billion or \$1 billion.

The purchase of a TICL option increases the Company's coverage under the Reimbursement Contract as calculated pursuant to Section 215.555(4)(d)2., Florida Statutes. The Company's increased coverage shall be the FHCF reimbursement premium multiplied by the TICL multiple. Each TICL coverage multiple shall be calculated by dividing \$2 billion or \$1 billion by the aggregate mandatory FHCF premium under the Reimbursement Contract paid by all Companies.

In order to determine the Company's total limit of coverage, the Company's TICL coverage multiple is added to its regular Payout Multiple under the Reimbursement Contract. The total of these two multiples shall represent a number that, when multiplied by an Company's mandatory FHCF reimbursement premium under the Reimbursement Contract, defines the Company's total limit of FHCF reimbursement coverage for the Contract Year under the Reimbursement Contract and Addendum No. 1. The SBA shall reimburse the Company for 45 percent, 75 percent, or 90 percent of its losses from each Covered Event in excess of the Company's FHCF Retention under the Reimbursement Contract, plus 5 percent of the reimbursed losses to cover loss adjustment expense, not to exceed the Company's total limit of coverage as defined above. The percentage shall be the same as the coverage level selected by the Company under its Reimbursement Contract.

### **II. TICL Premium**

The Company's TICL premium shall be determined as specified in Sections 215.555(5) and (17), Florida Statutes, and shall be due and payable in three installments on August 1, 2013, October 1, 2013, and December 1, 2013.

### **III. Liability of the FHCF**

Pursuant to Section 215.555(17)(g), Florida Statutes, the liability of the FHCF with respect to all TICL addenda shall not exceed \$2 billion and shall depend on the number of insurers that select the TICL optional coverage and the TICL coverage options selected. In no circumstance shall the liability of the FHCF exceed its actual claims-paying capacity as defined in Section 215.555(2)(m), Florida Statutes.

The additional TICL capacity shall apply only to the additional coverage provided under the TICL options and shall not otherwise affect any insurer's reimbursement from the FHCF if the insurer chooses not to select a TICL option to increase its limit of FHCF coverage.

**IV. Coordination of Coverage**

Reimbursement amounts under TICL shall not be reduced by reinsurance paid or payable to the Company from sources other than the FHCF.

The TICL coverage shall be in addition to all other coverage provided by the FHCF under the Company's Reimbursement Contract or other Addenda to the Reimbursement Contract, and shall be in addition to the claims-paying capacity of the FHCF as defined in Section 215.555(4)(c)1., Florida Statutes, but only with respect to those insurers that select the TICL coverage.

The TICL coverage selected is irrevocable and shall not overlap or duplicate coverage otherwise provided for in the Reimbursement Contract, or any Addenda to the Reimbursement Contract, or offset any co-payments or retention amounts.

**V. Addendum No. 1 TICL Coverage Election**

ALL COMPANIES EXECUTING A REIMBURSEMENT CONTRACT MUST INDICATE BELOW THE LEVEL OF OPTIONAL TICL COVERAGE SELECTED, IF ANY. IF THE COMPANY FAILS TO MEET THE MARCH 1, 2013 DEADLINE OR MEETS THIS DEADLINE BUT FAILS TO SELECT AN OPTIONAL COVERAGE UNDER THIS ADDENDUM, IT SHALL BE DEEMED BY THE STATE BOARD OF ADMINISTRATION TO BE A CHOICE TO REJECT TICL COVERAGE.

If your Company does not want to purchase any TICL coverage, print "No Coverage" on the line below and initial the box.

\_\_\_\_\_ No Coverage \_\_\_\_\_

/s/ MB
--------

By selecting an option below (initial the applicable box), the Company is selecting its proportionate share based on its mandatory FHCF reimbursement premium to the total mandatory FHCF reimbursement premiums paid by all Companies of the layer of optional coverage.

	<b>OR</b>	
<b>Company selects \$1 billion TICL Coverage Option</b>		<b>Company selects \$2 billion TICL Coverage Option</b>



**VI. Signatures**

/s/ Michael H. Braun  
Federated National Insurance Company

By: Michael H. Braun, President  
Typed/Printed Name and Title

2/15/2013  
Date

**Approved by:**

Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund  
By: State Board of Administration of the State of Florida

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Ashbel C. Williams  
Executive Director & CIO

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

Approved as to legality:

By: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date